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## TELEGRAPHIC

## BLAINE.

## He Talks of the Situation and the Prospects.

Boston, 11.—These persons, and they are doubtless numerous, who are expecting Hon. Jas. G. Blaine to seize the opportunity to make an attack on the administration are doomed to disappointment. The ex-Secretary was in the city several hours to-day, on his way from Augusta to Washington. He refused to be interviewed. He nevertheless talked to one or two personal friends concerning political questions. He does not see in Tuesday's reverses anything to cause despondency as to the future of the republican party. The democratic party suffered an overwhelming defeat in 1840, but carried the election in 1844. The republican party was practically beaten in several of the most important northern states in 1862, but Abraham Lincoln carried all but one or two in 1864. He believes victory may be achieved in 1884 by presenting as a candidate for the presidency a man upon whom both factions can unite, and who has the confidence of the country. It looked to him as if Ben Harrison was the one for the exigency. To the accomplishment of that result he will lend his influence as a private citizen, who believes republican success in 1884 is essential to the welfare of the country. Blaine, there is reason to believe, is in earnest in saying he is not a candidate for the presidency or for any other office. In August last he said: I am not a candidate, and as it now looks to me I shall never be. To-day he reaffirms the statement, and left off the qualifying cause. His language is: "I want you to distinctly understand that I am not a candidate for the presidency or for any political office, and nothing can induce me to be." This is a sincere friend of Blaine, Secretary Chandler and Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, who were together while this afternoon. Blaine, when questioned, remarked that in his opinion, if Butler carried Massachusetts again in 1883, he would be a very strong candidate for the democratic nomination. The contest in this state next year, he thinks, will be the bitterest ever known. Butler's prominence in national democracy depends entirely upon his reelection to the governorship. Senator Blair expressed the opinion that Butler is the strongest man in the democratic camp. He remarked that Blaine had, by his antagonism of Mahone, lost popularity with the colored voters. Secretary Chandler preferred to talk about the republican victory in New Hampshire, rather than of the result in other states, saying the fight in the Granite state resulted in a grand victory for the republican party. The secretary said he should not pronounce a verdict on the general result of to-day's balloting until the autopsy had been made.

## French Socialists.

London, 11.—A placard has been posted on the walls of the principal buildings and on bulletin boards, calling for another socialist demonstration here. The authorities are unable to discover who placed the placards, so secretly has it been done, but the notice has been given and it is probable the demonstration will take place. The police are on the alert, and will prevent, if possible, any outbreak or tendency to become unruly. The military continue in the barracks, ready to be called on at any moment. It is not likely that anarchists will find it smooth sailing as before, if they attempt to disturb the peace of the city and nation.

One of the workmen employed by the French government in its tobacco factory, was fined for violation of the rules of the institution. This so enraged his fellow laborers that they seized the manager and attempted to smother him into the river. The authorities and government forces intervened, and with great difficulty, succeeded in rescuing him. Several heads were broken in the melee. Nobody was killed.

## Now Fall is Mad.

Washington, 11.—Frank H. Fall, charged with attempting to influence the vote of a star route juror, referring to the statement recently published over his name, says he never made such a statement for publication. He charges that Wells doctored the affidavit made to suit his own purpose, and says in short the affidavit was given out by an agent of the government as mine. I never swore to it, and they know it. He charges further the prosecution with bringing pressure to bear on him, and resorting to threats to compel him to shoulder the entire responsibility for what he did.

## The Closure.

London, 10.—The Times says the closure hands over the minority absolutely into the power of the majority, who may outnumber by only one voice. The device will break down in practice one way or another, even though the majority be the incarnate of wisdom.

London, 11.—Upon the division in the debate on the closure rule, five members of the liberal party recorded votes against the government, but none of the conservatives were found voting in the majority in favor of the government rule. Of the home rulers, thirty-three voted in favor of the closure and the remainder abstained from voting.

## German Gatherings.

Berlin, 10.—Many journals of this city attribute the democratic victory in America to the growing influence of the foreign element of population.

The National Zeitung thinks European control being abolished, France is virtually expelled from Egypt, and has been duped by England.

The Crown Prince has started for England to attend the review of troops.

## U. S. Bonds.

New York, 11.—The Post says: United States bonds are lower abroad on the report that negotiations are pending for the sale in London of a large block of the remainder of Vanderbilt's United States bonds here. Nothing to confirm the report can be obtained.

## The Lone Fisherman to Marry.

Washington, 11.—It is stated that ex-Vice-President Wheeler will shortly marry Mrs. Woodruff, of Chicago, widow of the late supervising surgeon general.

## The Corn Crop.

Washington, 11.—The November corn report of the department of agriculture, showed planting was later and replanting was more general than for several years. The prospect up to July first, was discouraging, causing a rise in the price of grain and meats. Since then the season has been steadily favorable to its growth and ripening, and deferred frosts made the ripening period of fully average length. The condition on July first averaged 85. It was 88 in August, the same in September, and 91 in October. Last year the condition fell from 90 in July to 86 in October, presaging a loss of over 450,000,000 bushels, which was fully realized, as the department has three tests of quantity produced, viz: Comparative condition in October, yield per acre returned in November and December. The total product as compared with the total for the previous year in October, the highest indication of the aggregate, was 1,680,000,000 bushels, and it was stated that later returns of product may slightly reduce, but cannot materially change this result. The present return of the yield makes the general average close to 25 bushels per acre, which is under the medium yield.

## Notelido-Shaw

Washington, 11.—Colonel Christy, counsel for A. C. Notelido, under indictment for assault with intent to kill C. M. Barton, brought the case to the attention of Judge Wylie, in the criminal court to-day. Through some misunderstanding of the attorney the case was not argued, but Colonel Christy asked the court to *note pro* the case, on the grounds of a second indictment against his client found on the same evidence; and as the jury had acquitted in one instance, the court should therefore dismiss the other. Judge Wylie said he took a different view, and it would require authorities to change him.

Charles E. Shaw, connected with the star route scandal, in that he was accused of attempting to bribe Juror Doniphan, voluntarily surrendered himself this morning, and with counsel, Colonel Pelam, went to the police court, and was placed under \$2,500 bonds to appear when wanted. Shaw says he has been in Virginia for the past month on business.

## The "Jeannette."

Washington, 11.—Melville continued before the Jeannette court, this morning, the story of the return. He described the council of war held by DeLong, Chipp and himself on the floe, where the Jeannette went down, for starting for New Siberian Islands, at which a sailor translated a German publication about these islands, for their information. At this council Chipp and Melville told DeLong the ice mark being all alive between the floe, and the island, they could not carry the boats and provisions across.

Danahower has written a letter to Surgeon General Wales, of the navy, in response to a recommendation by Wales regarding the hygienic rules for Arctic voyages. He says the selection of men for a voyage of this kind ought to be carefully made, after the most rigid inspection, choosing men of similar nationality, physique and general qualification.

## E. Dwyer Gray's Imprisonment.

London, 10.—The parliamentary committee appointed to investigate the imprisonment of E. Dwyer Gray will submit their report. That of the chairman of the committee says the matter referred to the committee does not demand further attention of the House, that Judge Lawson fulfilled his duty by informing the House of Gray's imprisonment. Parnell's report admits that Judge Lawson's action was legal, but contends there was not sufficient reason for imprisoning a member of Parliament.

## Hypnotism in Surgery.

Louisville, 11.—At the homoeopathic dispensary, yesterday, a singular operation was performed on a colored man suffering from a large tumor. Surgeons attempted to place the subject under the influence of ether and other anæsthetics, but his system refused to be influenced by the strongest applications. Dr. Smith, one of the surgeons, attempted mesmerism, which was speedily effected, the patient remaining insensible to pain. The removal of the tumor began at 9:30 a.m., and owing to the size and core it was not concluded until 11. The patient was kept hypnotized all the time, though entirely conscious he felt no pain.

## French Facts.

Paris, 10.—In accordance with the new prefect's promises to the municipality, the crucifix was removed yesterday from the only primary schools where they still remained.

At a meeting of the chamber of commerce, to-day, a resolution was adopted approving of DeBrazza's conquests in Africa, and urging the government to ratify the treaty and take measures to protect the commercial interests of France in central Africa and the Congo district.

Paris, 11.—The official announcement is made that Decrais has been appointed ambassador for France at Rome.

## Cable Clicks.

London, 10.—A dispatch from Durban says the story of the Boer defeat is believed untrue.

F-ath, 11.—The Italian minister arrived to-day and states that Italy will take no exception to Count Kaloky's statement regarding the return visit of the Emperor Francis Joseph to King Humbert.

London, 11.—Conservative whips have been issued for members to attend Parliament on Monday in the event of Bradlaugh's attempting to take a seat.

## Spanish Notes.

Madrid, 10.—The accouchement of the Queen is expected next week.

The Cortez will reassemble on the 20th instant. The attitude of Serrano's party in demanding reform in the Constitution will be discussed.

Madrid, 11.—Figueras, ex-President of the Federate Republic, is dead.

## Casualties.

San Francisco, 11.—While taking coal at this harbor the steamer *Tietra*, which trades in the Orient, went down with the entire cargo. No lives were lost. The steamer had taken aboard about half her supply of coal when suddenly she gave a lurch, the port helms opened and she immediately filled and sank in forty fathoms of water.

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